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Manish Kumar
Research Scholar, Maharshi
Dayanand University, Rohtak,
Haryana, India

An analysis on availability of sports coaches and trainers for different games in Rajiv Gandhi Gramin Khel stadiums in Haryana

Manish Kumar

Abstract

The study was helpful to know about the availability of sports coaches and trainers for different games in Rajiv Gandhi Gramin Khel Stadiums in Haryana. The present study will be conducted in Haryana state. The state is divided into four divisions: Ambala, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Hisar. Within these divisions there are 21 districts, 47 sub divisions, 67 Tehsils, 45 sub Tehsils and 116 blocks. Due the limitation of time and money in present research only 30 blocks will be randomly selected for data collection, where Rajiv Gandhi graminkhel stadiums are present. The tabulated data was subjected to computation using SPSS 20.0 version. The calculated results were tabulated for mean, standard deviation and percentage distribution. In this study question wise interpretation were used therefore, all responses were interpreted in the terms of questions asked in the survey. We find out that availability of coaches at ground in RGGKP is not sufficient according to local peoples. While according to coaches and sports persons percentage of availability of coaches at ground is satisfactory in RGGKP. When we talk about ratio between number of coaches and players we find out that 76 % coaches (out of 50 respondents) responses that availability of coaches is sufficient in RGGKP, While only 16.8 % sports person (out of 400 respondents) responses that ratio of coaches and sports person is satisfactory. Only 28.9 % Local people (out of 400 respondents) are also saying that ratio of coaches and sports person is satisfactory agree that indoor ground facilities are available in RGGKP.

Keywords: Sports, Rajiv Gandhi Khel stadium, ground, coach

Introduction

Sport consists of all types of aggressive bodily recreation or games that, via informal or prepared participation, intention to use, keep or improve physical capability and capability while providing enjoyment to participants and, in some cases, amusement for spectators. Sports coaches help athletes improve their full potential. They are responsible for education athletes in a sport by analyzing their performance, educating applicable abilities and imparting encouragement. But you are also accountable for the orientation of the athlete in life and their preferred sport. As a result, the role of the coach will be varied, from instructor, consultant, friend, mentor, facilitator, driver, demonstrator, consultant, supporter, reality researcher, motivator, consultant, organizer, planner and the supply of all knowledge. In relation to sport, the coach's role is to create the proper stipulations to study to occur and locate approaches to encourage athletes. Most athletes are relatively encouraged and, therefore, the challenge is to hold that motivation and generate enthusiasm and enthusiasm. The coach be able to: assist athletes put together coaching programs, talk effectively with athletes, help athletes boost new skills, use assessment exams to display training growth and predict performance.

Objective of the Study

- To know about the availability of sports.

Delimitation of the study

The present study will be conducted in Haryana state. The state is divided into four divisions
1. Ambala 2. Rohtak 3. Gurgaon 4. Hisar
Within these divisions there are 21 districts, 47 sub divisions,

Correspondence
Manish Kumar
Research Scholar, Maharshi
Dayanand University, Rohtak,
Haryana, India

67 Tehsils, 45 sub Tehsils and 116 blocks. Due the limitation of time and money in present research only 30 blocks will be randomly selected for data collection, where Rajiv Gandhi graminkhel stadiums are present.

Tool and techniques of the study

For the collection of data, self-developed questionnaire was used.

Statistical analysis of the study

The tabulated data was subjected to computation using SPSS 20.0 version. The calculated results were tabulated for mean, standard deviation and percentage distribution. In this study question wise interpretation were used therefore, all responses were interpreted in the terms of questions asked in the survey. The data thus computed, has been systematically arranged in a number of tables and graphs for the purpose of analysis and interpretation.

Table 1: Q. 1. Is there availability of coaches for different sports in RGGKP?

Groups	Responses	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent
coaches	Always	36	72	72
	Sometime	8	16	16
	Never	6	12	13
	Total	50	100	100
Sports Person	Always	63	15.8	15.8
	Sometime	105	26.3	26.3
	Never	232	58	58
	Total	400	100	100
Local People	Always	95	23.7	23.8
	Sometime	110	27.4	27.5
	Never	195	48.6	48.8
	Total	400	99.8	100

The table 1 retraced the percentage distribution in relation to question no. 1. A total 50 coaches complete the survey. Out of 50 the frequency of ‘Always’ were 36 which consist 72% out of the total responses , frequency of ‘Sometime’ was 8 which consist 16% of the total responses and the frequency of ‘Never’ was 6 which consists 12% of the total responses. Total 400 sports person were selected to complete the survey .The frequency of ‘Always’ were 63 which consist 15.8% out of the total responses , frequency of ‘Sometime’ was 105 which consist 26.3% of the total responses and the frequency of ‘Never’ was 232 which consists 58% of the total responses. In Local people the frequency of ‘Always’ were 95 which consist 23.7% out of the total responses , frequency of ‘Sometime’ was 110 which consist 27.4% of the total responses and the frequency of ‘Never’ was 195 which consists 48.6% of the total responses.

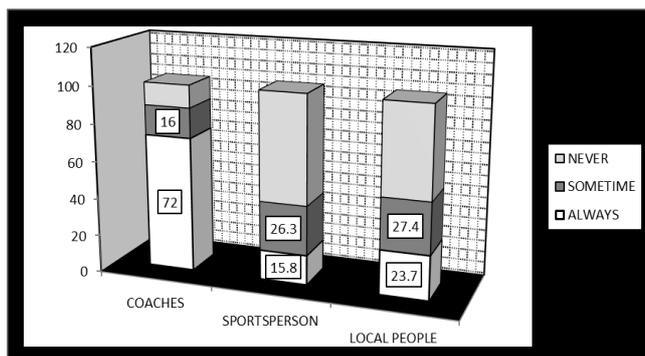


Fig 1: Percentage of availability of coaches for different sports in RGGKP.

Table 2: Q 2. Is there appropriate ratio between the number of coaches and players in RGGKP?

Groups	Responses	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent
coaches	Yes	38	76	76
	No	12	24	24
	Total	50	100	100
Sports Person	Yes	67	16.8	16.8
	No	333	83.3	83.3
	Total	400	100	100
Local People	Yes	116	28.9	29.0
	No	284	70.8	71.0
	Total	400	99.8	100

The table 4.28 retraced the percentage distribution in relation to question no. 26. A total 50 coaches complete the survey. Out of 50 the frequency of ‘Yes’ were 38 which consist 76% out of the total responses and the frequency of ‘No’ was 12 which consist 24% of the total responses. Total 400 sports person were selected to complete the survey. The frequency of ‘Yes’ were 67 which consists 16.8% of the total responses and the frequency of ‘No’ were 333 which consists 83.3% of the total responses. In Local people frequency of ‘Yes’ were 116 responses which consist 28.9% of the total responses and frequency of ‘No’ were 284 responses which consist of 70.8% of the total responses.

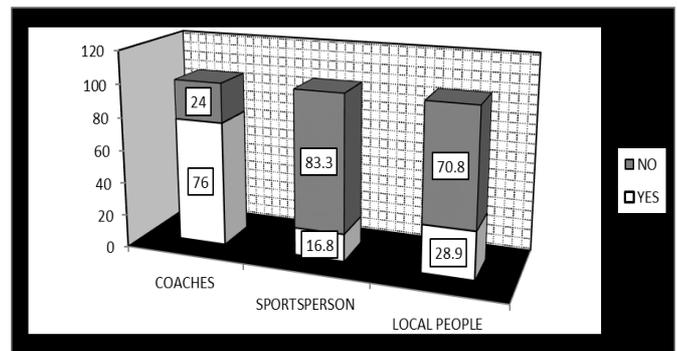


Fig 2: Percentage of appropriate ratio between the number of coaches and players in RGGKP.

Conclusion of the study

Statement 1: Is there availability of coaches for different sports in RGGKP?

The table 4.24 retraced the percentage distribution in relation to question no. 22. A total 50 coaches complete the survey. Out of 50 the frequency of ‘Always’ were 36 which consist 72% out of the total responses , frequency of ‘Sometime’ was 8 which consist 16% of the total responses and the frequency of ‘Never’ was 6 which consists 12% of the total responses. Total 400 sports person were selected to complete the survey .The frequency of ‘Always’ were 63 which consist 15.8% out of the total responses , frequency of ‘Sometime’ was 105 which consist 26.3% of the total responses and the frequency of ‘Never’ was 232 which consists 58% of the total responses. In Local people the frequency of ‘Always’ were 95 which consist 23.7% out of the total responses , frequency of ‘Sometime’ was 110 which consist 27.4% of the total responses and the frequency of ‘Never’ was 195 which consists 48.6% of the total responses.

Statement 2: Is there appropriate ratio between the number of coaches and players in RGGKP?

The table 4.28 retraced the percentage distribution in relation to question no. 26. A total 50 coaches complete the survey. Out of 50 the frequency of ‘Yes’ were 38 which consist 76%

out of the total responses and the frequency of 'No' was 12 which consist 24% of the total responses. Total 400 sports person were selected to complete the survey. The frequency of 'Yes' were 67 which consists 16.8% of the total responses and the frequency of 'No' were 333 which consists 83.3% of the total responses. In Local people frequency of 'Yes' were 116 responses which consist 28.9% of the total responses and frequency of 'No' were 284 responses which consist of 70.8% of the total responses.

Result of the study

1. We find out that availability of coaches at ground in RGGKP is not sufficient according to local peoples. While according to coaches and sports persons percentage of availability of coaches at ground is satisfactory in RGGKP.
2. When we talk about ratio between number of coaches and players we find out that 76 % coaches (out of 50 respondents) responses that availability of coaches is sufficient in RGGKP, While only 16.8 % sports person (out of 400 respondents) responses that ratio of coaches and sports person is satisfactory. Only 28.9 % Local people (out of 400 respondents) are also saying that ratio of coaches and sports person is satisfactory agree that indoor ground facilities are available in RGGKP.

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