International Journal of Physiology, Nutrition and Physical Education



ISSN: 2456-0057 IJPNPE 2021; 6(2): 384-387 © 2021 IJPNPE www.journalofsports.com Received: 10-04-2021 Accepted: 18-06-2021

Dr. Vijay Singh H.O.D., Department of Physical Education, University of Kota Rajasthan, India

Exploration study on physical fitness level between rural and urbal Kho-Kho players

Dr. Vijay Singh

Abstract

Physical fitness involves the performance of the heart and lungs, and the muscles of the body. And, since what we do with our bodies also affects what we can do with our minds, fitness influences to some degree qualities such as mental alertness and emotional stability. Physical fitness refers to the ability of your body systems to work together efficiently to allow you to be healthy and perform activities of daily living. Being efficient means doing daily activities with the least effort possible. A fit person is able to perform schoolwork, meet home responsibilities, and still have enough energy to enjoy sport and other leisure activities. A fit person can respond effectively to normal life situations, such as raking leaves at home, stocking shelves at a part-time job, and marching in the band at school. A fit person can also respond to emergency situations - for example, by running to get help or aiding a friend in distress. Physical fitness is a state of being that reflects a person's ability to perform specific exercises or functions and is related to present and future health outcomes. It is a general condition of health and wellbeing and, all the more explicitly, the capacity to perform parts of sports, inhabitant particles, and every day exercises. Physical fitness is commonly accomplished through legitimate nourishment, moderateenthusiastic physical exercise, and adequate rest. Successful living relies on the physical, mental, emotional, social, and otherworldly segments of fitness. The term physical fitness implies more than strong quality and stamina; it infers effective execution in exercise or work and a sensible method for aptitude in the exhibition of chose physical exercises. It is a proportion of the body's capacity to work productively and successfully in work and recreation exercises, to be healthy, to oppose hypokinetic diseases, and to meet crisis circumstances. Physical fitness and great health have all the earmarks of being practically synonymous, however, they are not actually so, a man who is healthy may not be physically fit. The measure of required physical fitness contrasts starting with one occupation then onto the next. Physical movement has significant ramifications for the health and wellbeing everything being equal. Simple life has contrarily impacted the development and support of physical fitness. Despite the fact that the impacts of physical movement on health and wellness are well-settled, fusing stationary practices in the everyday lives of populaces from high and medium salary nations are ending up progressively normal. Notwithstanding different elements, the region of living arrangement can impact the physical action level and stationary practices.

Keywords: Division, Kho Kho players, physical fitness, urban and rural

Introduction

Physical fitness is made up of 11 parts - 6 of them health related and 5 skill related. All of the parts are important to good performance in physical activity, including sports. But the 6 are referred to as contributing to health-related physical fitness because scientists in kinesiology have shown that they can reduce your risk of chronic disease and promote good health and wellness. These parts of fitness are body composition, cardiorespiratory endurance, flexibility, muscular endurance, power, and strength. They also help you function effectively in daily activities.

As the name implies, skill-related physical fitness components help you perform well in sports and other activities that require motor skills. For example, speed helps you in sports such as track and field. These 5 parts of physical fitness are also linked to health but less so than the health-related components. For example, among older adults, balance, agility, and coordination are very important for preventing falls (a major health concern), and reaction time relates to risk for automobile accidents. Each part of physical fitness is described in more detail in the two following features: The Six Parts of Health-Related Fitness and The Five

Corresponding Author: Dr. Vijay Singh H.O.D., Department of Physical Education, University of Kota Rajasthan, India Parts of Skill-Related Fitness.

Health-related physical fitness

Think about a runner. She can probably run a long distance without tiring; thus she has good fitness in at least one area of health-related physical fitness. But does she have good fitness in all six parts? Running is an excellent form of physical activity, but being a runner doesn't guarantee fitness in all parts of healthrelated physical fitness. Like the runner, you may be more fit in some parts of fitness than in others. The feature named The Six Parts of Health-Related Fitness describes each part and shows an example. As you read about each part, ask yourself how fit you think you are in that area.

Fit fact

Power, formerly classified as a skill-related part of fitness, is now classified as a health-related part of fitness. A report by the independent Institute of Medicine provides evidence of the link between physical power and health. The report indicates that power is associated with wellness, higher quality of life, reduced risk of chronic disease and early death, and better bone health. Power, and activities that improve power, have also been found to be important for healthy bones in children and teens.

How do you think you rate in each of the six health-related parts of fitness? To be healthy, you should be fit for each of the six parts. Totally fit people are less likely to develop a hypokinetic condition - a health problem caused partly by lack of physical activity - such as heart disease, high blood pressure, diabetes, osteoporosis, colon cancer, or a high body fat level. You'll learn more about hypokinetic conditions in other chapters of this book. People who are physically fit also enjoy better wellness. They feel better, look better, and have more energy. You don't have to be a great athlete in order to enjoy good health and wellness and be physically fit. Regular physical activity can improve anyone's health-related physical fitness.

Skill-related physical fitness

Just as the runner in our example may not achieve a high rating in all parts of health-related physical fitness, she also may not rate the same in all parts of skill-related physical fitness. Though most sports require several parts of skillrelated fitness, different sports can require different parts. For example, a skater might have good agility but lack good reaction time. Some people have more natural ability in some areas than in others. No matter how you score on the skillrelated parts of physical fitness, you can enjoy some type of physical activity.

Remember, too, that good health doesn't come from being good in skill-related physical fitness. It comes from doing activities designed to improve your health-related physical fitness, and it can be enjoyed both by great athletes and by people who consider themselves poor athletes.

As noted earlier, health-related fitness offers a double benefit. It not only helps you stay healthy but also helps you perform well in sport and other activities. For example, cardiorespiratory endurance helps you resist heart disease and helps you perform well in sports such as swimming and cross-country running. Similarly, strength helps you perform well in sports such as football and wrestling, muscular endurance is important in soccer and tennis, flexibility helps in sports such as the discus throw and the long jump, and having a healthy amount of body fat makes your body more efficient in many

www.journalofsports.com

activities.

The most recent couple of decades, the Indian culture has been seeing quick change in the environmental, social, and monetary fields of life under the effect of globalization. It has prompted cultural assimilation and winding down of customary institutional arrangements and social standards. Attending to these changes, the life errands are being revamped by the presentation of different efficient devices, home apparatuses, entertainment gadgets, and correspondence instruments (for example, PC, versatile, videogames, iPod, iPad, TV, and Internet). Taken together, they will in general rearrange the example of time use and engagement with physical exercise.

Physical action and physical fitness these two are firmly related with one another, in spite of the fact that not so much, dictated by physical movement designs over late weeks or months. A genetic commitment for fitness is significant yet presumably represents less of the variety saw in fitness than is because of environmental components, mainly physical movement. Fitness implies numerous things - strength, vigor, capacity for work, vitality, and so forth, fitness is a wide term to be seen and to comprehend it in wide point of view. Fitness by and large suggests. Soundness and status forever, and its capacities. There are numerous unique sorts of fitness for specific practices (sport, exercise, and play) which resulting in physical fitness alluding to its particular nature and life circumstances. Physical fitness is the ability to meet effectively the present and potential physical difficulties of life.

Physical fitness is the body's capacity to work extensively and splendidly in the everyday life to be healthy for the betterment of one's life and others. Life is valuable and ought to be given the tonic of fitness. To be physically fit, one ought to perform every day exercises and take appropriate diet. Physical fitness is a physiological condition of well-being that gives the establishment to the undertakings of day-by-day living, the degree for the security against endless disease and a reason for support in sport. In essence, physical fitness depicts a lot of credits identifying with how well one performs physical action.

Taking part in sport and physical exercises, including physical fitness exercises, assumes a critical job in advancing health and wellness among children and teenagers. Not exclusively does such movement helps improve the physical fitness and health of children and youth, yet in addition, it is an indispensable technique for stemming youth heftiness – a basic health need for our country.

Exercise tests us from multiple points of view, our aptitudes, our hearts, and our capacity to skip back after misfortunes. This is the internal magnificence of sports and competition, and it can work well for all of us as grown-up athletes. Physical exercise, in formal feeling of the term, may allude to the physical action that is arranged, organized, and monotonous real movement done to improve or keep up at least one of the parts of physical fitness, oxygen consuming limit, strong quality, solid perseverance, adaptability, and body composition.

Methodology

With the end goal of the investigation, one hundred players (50 from urban zone and 50 from rural region) from the game of Kho-Kho have been chosen on purposively and haphazardly premise, who has won award/position in interzonal and took an interest in state level games. Every one of the subjects was routinely rehearsing and contending in

their individual sports competition. Health and physical education is characterized as the procedure by which people and gatherings of individuals figure out how to carry on in a way helpful for the advancement, support, or rebuilding of health. It is a proceeding with procedure of illuminating individuals how to accomplish and keep up great health, of rousing them to do as such, and of advancing environmental and lifestyle changes to encourage their target. The examination researcher gathered through all the logical writing relating to Kho-Kho from books, magazines, diaries, and periodicals accessible in the different libraries and web surfing/destinations. Just speed, explosive power of arms, and agility were utilized to gauge the physical fitness parts. The mean was processed for examination of players. To evaluate the hugeness of contrasts between the means, if there should be an occurrence of noteworthy, "t-values" test was connected. The level of centrality was 0.05.

Selection of variables

Out of the three test things, the accompanying four were chosen for this investigation:

- 1. 30 m run dash test: To gauge speed capacity.
- 2. Medication ball test: To gauge explosive power of arms.
- 3. Crisscross run test: To gauge agility.

Statistical techniques

Mean and standard deviation were determined so as to contemplate the physical fitness parts of the rural and urban players. The mean was registered for examination of players of various areas. To survey the centrality of contrasts between the means, if there should arise an occurrence of huge "t-values" test was connected. The level of noteworthiness was 0.05.

Results and Discussion

The investigator analysed the physical fitness parts among rural and urban players. The consequences of the investigation by and large uncovered that there were distinction in the majority of the physical fitness parts, for example, speed, explosive power of arm, and agility among rural and urban players [Table 1].

S. No.	Variable	n	Game	Mean	SD	SED	t
1.	Speed	100	Urban	5.84	0.62	0.61	2.85
			Rural	5.32	0.41		
2.	Explosive power of arm	100	Urban	5.21	1.57	1.54	0.67
			Rural	5.02	0.98		
3.	Agility	100	Urban	16.74	1.05	1.58	3.28
			Rural	16.02	0.60		

 Table 1: Comparison of Physical Fitness Segments between the Rural and Urban Players

The discoveries of the examination in connection to speed demonstrated that the rural players would be wise to speed in contrast with the urban players. This might be ascribed to the way that speed assumes a significant job in the presentation of rural and urban players. The discoveries of the examination uncovered that fundamentally higher quality was found in the rural players than the urban players. The discoveries of the examination in connection to agility demonstrated that the urban players would be advised to agility in contrast with the rural players. This might be ascribed to the way that agility assumes a significant job in the presentation of rural and urban players.

Conclusion

Physical fitness incorporates more than solid quality. He further articulates that physical fitness infers soundness of the body organs, for example, heart and lungs, a human instrument that performs proficiently under exercise or work conditions, and sensible proportion of execution in chose physical exercises. Physical fitness incorporates those characteristics which will allow a person to perform life exercises including speed, quality, readiness, power, and perseverance and to take part in different sorts of physical exercises expected of cutting edge living including sports and athletics, and to have the option to keep up ideal measure of fitness for the individual include. The present examination gives a snap of rising situation of relaxation time exercises in various segments of students. It shows the continuation of impact of customary gender jobs, narrowing of rural-urban gap, and a few ramifications for relaxation time use among Indian school students for their health and well-being.

References

1. Ahlawat, Ravindra Pal. Health Education and Nutrition. Khel Sahitya Kendra; c2009. ISBN 978-8175245563.

- 2. Ahmed MD. Comparative study of well-being, thought control, academic achievement and health related physical fitness of active and inactive adolescent school students. Int Leis Rev. 2013;2:135-56.
- Bogert Jean L, George Briggs M, Doris Howes Calloway. Nutrition and Physical Fitness. Philadelphia: Saunders. 1973, ISBN 0721618170.
- Ettinger Walter H, Brenda Wright S, Steven Blair N. Fitness after 50. Champaign, IL: Human Kinetics; c2006. ISBN 0736044132.
- Greenberg Jerrold S, David Pargman. Physical Fitness: A Wellness Approach. Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall; c1986. ISBN 013668856X.
- Halper Marilyn Snyder, Ira Neiger. Physical Fitness. New York: Holt, Rinehart & Winston; c1981. ISBN 0030482917.
- 7. Kolata, Gina Bari. Ultimate Fitness: The Quest for Truth about Exercise and Health. New York: Farrar, Straus and Giroux; c2003. ISBN 0374204772.
- 8. Sharkey, Brian J. Fitness and Health. Champaign, IL: Human Kinetics; c2002. ISBN 0736039716.
- Joens-Matre RR, Welk GJ, Calabro MA, Russell DW, Nicklay E, Hensley LD. Rural-Urban differences in physical activity, physical fitness, and overweight prevalence of children. Nat Rural Health Assoc. 2008;24:49-54.
- Kansal OP, Ohri P. Adolescents: A key pivotal in India's health strategy. Indian J Youth Adolesc Health. 2014;1:48-55.
- 11. Gill M. Comparative study of physical fitness components of rural and urban female students of Punjabi university, Patiala. Anthropologist. 2010;12:17-21.
- 12. Gill M. Comparative study of physical fitness

International Journal of Physiology, Nutrition and Physical Education

components of rural and urban female students of Punjabi university, Patiala. Anthropologist. 2010;12:17-21.

13. Theoharopoulos A. A Comparative Study for Flexibility and Jumping Ability between Young Basketball and Soccer Players Physical Training. Thessaloniki: Aristotle University of Thessaloniki; c2009.